

Answers to Sample Problems on Chapters 5 and 6

Problem 1.

$$\text{a) } A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$\lambda = 0$, $\text{Span}((-1, 0, 1)^T, (-1, 1, 0)^T)$; $\lambda = 3$, $\text{Span}((1, 1, 1)^T)$. A is diagonalizable.

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}^{-1}$$

$$\text{b) } A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 & 1 \\ 0 & 5 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$\lambda = 1$, $\text{Span}((1, 0, 0)^T)$; $\lambda = -2$, $\text{Span}((1, 1, -5)^T)$; $\lambda = 4$, $\text{Span}((1, 1, 1)^T)$. A is diagonalizable.

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & -5 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & -5 & 1 \end{pmatrix}^{-1}$$

$$\text{c) } A = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$\lambda = 2$, $\text{Span}((1, 1)^T)$. A is defective.

$$\text{d) } A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -2 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$\lambda = 2 + i$, $\text{Span}((1, 1 + i)^T)$; $\lambda = 2 - i$, $\text{Span}((1, 1 - i)^T)$. A is diagonalizable.

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 + i & 1 - i \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2 + i & 0 \\ 0 & 2 - i \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 + i & 1 - i \end{pmatrix}^{-1}$$

Problem 2.

$$\text{a) } A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A^6 = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 729 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}^{-1}$$

$$B = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \sqrt[3]{3} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}^{-1}$$

$$e^{At} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & e^{3t} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}^{-1} = \frac{1}{3} \begin{pmatrix} e^{3t} + 2 & e^{3t} - 1 & e^{3t} - 1 \\ e^{3t} - 1 & e^{3t} + 2 & e^{3t} - 1 \\ e^{3t} - 1 & e^{3t} - 1 & e^{3t} + 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{b) } A &= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 & 1 \\ 0 & 5 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \\
A^6 &= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & -5 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 64 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 4096 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & -5 & 1 \end{pmatrix}^{-1} \\
B &= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & -5 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -\sqrt[3]{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \sqrt[3]{4} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & -5 & 1 \end{pmatrix}^{-1} \\
e^{At} &= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & -5 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} e^t & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & e^{-2t} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & e^{4t} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & -5 & 1 \end{pmatrix}^{-1} = \\
\frac{1}{6} &\begin{pmatrix} 6e^t & -6e^t + e^{-2t} + 5e^{4t} & -e^{-2t} + e^{4t} \\ 0 & e^{-2t} + 5e^{4t} & -e^{-2t} + e^{4t} \\ 0 & -5e^{-2t} + 5e^{4t} & 5e^{-2t} + e^{4t} \end{pmatrix}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{d) } A &= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -2 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \\
A^6 &= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1+i & 1-i \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} (2+i)^6 & 0 \\ 0 & (2-i)^6 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1+i & 1-i \end{pmatrix}^{-1} \\
B &= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1+i & 1-i \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} (2+i)^{1/3} & 0 \\ 0 & (2-i)^{1/3} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1+i & 1-i \end{pmatrix}^{-1} \\
e^{At} &= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1+i & 1-i \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} e^{(2+i)t} & 0 \\ 0 & e^{(2-i)t} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1+i & 1-i \end{pmatrix}^{-1} = \\
&\begin{pmatrix} e^{2t}(\cos t - \sin t) & e^{2t} \sin t \\ -2e^{2t} \sin t & e^{2t}(\cos t + \sin t) \end{pmatrix}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 3.

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{a) } A &= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}; e^{At} = \begin{pmatrix} e^t & te^t \\ 0 & e^t \end{pmatrix} \\
\text{b) } A &= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}; e^{At} = \begin{pmatrix} 1+t & t \\ -t & 1-t \end{pmatrix}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 4.

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{a) } Y_{gen}(t) &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + c_3 e^{3t} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \\
Y(t) &= \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + e^{3t} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} e^{3t} \\ e^{3t} - 1 \\ e^{3t} + 1 \end{pmatrix} \text{ or}
\end{aligned}$$

$$Y(t) = e^{At} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{3} \begin{pmatrix} e^{3t} + 2 & e^{3t} - 1 & e^{3t} - 1 \\ e^{3t} - 1 & e^{3t} + 2 & e^{3t} - 1 \\ e^{3t} - 1 & e^{3t} - 1 & e^{3t} + 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} e^{3t} \\ e^{3t} - 1 \\ e^{3t} + 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{b) } Y_{gen}(t) = d_1 \begin{pmatrix} e^{2t} \cos t \\ e^{2t}(\cos t - \sin t) \end{pmatrix} + d_2 \begin{pmatrix} e^{2t} \sin t \\ e^{2t}(\cos t + \sin t) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$Y(t) = - \begin{pmatrix} e^{2t} \cos t \\ e^{2t}(\cos t - \sin t) \end{pmatrix} + 3 \begin{pmatrix} e^{2t} \sin t \\ e^{2t}(\cos t + \sin t) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} e^{2t}(3 \sin t - \cos t) \\ e^{2t}(4 \sin t + 2 \cos t) \end{pmatrix} \text{ or}$$

$$Y(t) = e^{At} \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} e^{2t}(\cos t - \sin t) & e^{2t} \sin t \\ -2e^{2t} \sin t & e^{2t}(\cos t + \sin t) \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} e^{2t}(3 \sin t - \cos t) \\ e^{2t}(4 \sin t + 2 \cos t) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{c) } Y_{gen}(t) = e^{At} \begin{pmatrix} c_1 \\ c_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1+t & t \\ -t & 1-t \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} c_1 \\ c_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} c_1 + c_1 t + c_2 t \\ c_2 - c_1 t - c_2 t \end{pmatrix}$$

$$Y(t) = e^{At} \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 + 8t \\ 5 - 8t \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{d) } Y_{gen}(t) = e^{At} \begin{pmatrix} c_1 \\ c_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} e^t & te^t \\ 0 & e^t \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} c_1 \\ c_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} c_1 e^t + c_2 t e^t \\ c_2 e^t \end{pmatrix}$$

$$Y(t) = e^{At} \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2e^t + 3te^t \\ 3e^t \end{pmatrix}$$

Problem 5.

$$Z' = AZ, \text{ where } A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 2 & -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \text{ and } Z(t) = \begin{pmatrix} z_1(t) \\ z_2(t) \\ z_3(t) \\ z_4(t) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} y_1(t) \\ y_2(t) \\ y_1'(t) \\ y_2'(t) \end{pmatrix}.$$

Problem 6.

$$\text{a) } \theta = \arccos(1/(2\sqrt{5})), \alpha = 1/2, \text{proj}_v u = 1/4(-1, 0, 1, 1)^T.$$

$$\text{b) } \theta = \arccos(-13/14), \alpha = -13/(2\sqrt{21}), \text{proj}_v u = -13/14(x - 2).$$

Problem 7.

$$\text{a) } \left\{ \frac{1}{5} \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}, \frac{1}{3} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -2 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \frac{1}{15\sqrt{41}} \begin{pmatrix} -36 \\ 7 \\ -34 \\ 82 \end{pmatrix} \right\} \text{ is an orthonormal basis of } S;$$

$$p = \langle b, u_1 \rangle u_1 + \langle b, u_2 \rangle u_2 + \langle b, u_3 \rangle u_3 = \frac{1}{41} \begin{pmatrix} 92 \\ 14 \\ 55 \\ 164 \end{pmatrix}, \quad b - p = \frac{1}{41} \begin{pmatrix} -51 \\ 68 \\ 68 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix},$$

$$\text{dist} = 17/\sqrt{41}.$$

b) $\left\{ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2}x, \frac{3\sqrt{10}}{4}(x^2 - 1/3) \right\}$ is an orthonormal basis of S ; $p = \frac{3}{5}x$, $dist = \frac{8}{175}$.

Problem 8.

$$S^\perp = \text{Span}((-3, 4, 4, 0)^T); \quad q = 17/41(-3, 4, 4, 0)^T, \quad dist = 17/\sqrt{41}.$$

Problem 9.

$$\hat{x} = (109/41, -86/41, 204/41)^T; \quad p = A\hat{x} = 1/41(92, 14, 55, 164)^T.$$

Problem 10.

$$y = 0.55 + 1.65x + 1.25x^2.$$